

## IS VERY ILL

Much Apprehension Concerning Queen Wilhelmina.

## MOTHER IS SUMMONED

Contemplated Festivities Are Abandoned.

The Hague, April 15.—The indisposition of Queen Wilhelmina is developing complications which have caused



QUEEN WILHELMINA.

the queen's mother to start today to visit her daughter.

Physicians in Constant Attendance. Two physicians are in attendance on the queen and a noted gynecologist has been called in for consultation.

Festivities Abandoned. The festivities arranged for the birthday, April 19, of the prince consort, have been countermanded.

## CANNOT IDENTIFY

Nebraska Man Who Was Expected to Unravel Detroit Mystery.

Detroit, Mich., April 15.—With the arrival of Charles Rymer from Lincoln, Neb., the police hoped to establish firmly the responsibility of the murder of George H. Heywood upon William M. Jones. The officers expected that Rymer would unhesitatingly identify a revolver found near the scene of the crime, but when Rymer was shown the gun he failed to identify it as one he had ever seen in Jones' possession.

Rymer, since his arrival, has been kept in seclusion by the police and prosecuting attorney, and they will allow no one to talk to him. They claim that their case against Jones is much strengthened by what he has told them, notwithstanding his failure to identify the gun. Jones still maintains his air of bravado and declines to confess that he killed Heywood.

## CUBA'S PRESIDENT-ELECT LEAVES NEW YORK

Central Valley, N. Y., April 15.—Thomas Estrada Palma, president-elect of Cuba, left for New York today, enroute for Cuba.

## Railway Projects in Iowa.

Fort Dodge, Ia., April 15.—President A. B. Stickney was in Fort Dodge in conference with business men, and stated that a division point would positively be established at Clarion, and that yards, shops and a round house will be constructed there. He denied the report that the Sioux City line would run from Clarion, and said it would branch from the Omaha line south of Fort Dodge. He confirmed the rumor that the cut-off from Waverly to Colwell will be built this summer.

## Movements of Governor Taft.

Cincinnati, O., April 15.—Governor General Taft, of the Philippines, goes to St. Louis today to confer with President Francis and other exposition officers. Later in the week he leaves for Washington and New York. While east he will visit old Yale friends at New Haven. He will return to Cincinnati before sailing via the Suez canal, May 17.

## Wanton or Insane Murder.

Paris, Ky., April 15.—At Jacksonville, this county, Joe Johnson shot and fatally wounded Newton Jett, the ball passing through the bowels. Jett was sitting on the porch, when Johnson came up and fired twice. They had not quarreled and no cause is given for the shooting.

## Was Entering the Wrong House.

Green Bay, Wis., April 15.—Wilson Skendore, an Indian, was shot at the Onondaga reservation while trying to enter the house of a neighbor. Some one shot from inside, the ball entering the left breast. The wound is thought to be fatal.

## TREATY VIOLATION

That is What McLaurin of South Carolina Calls the Chinese Exclusion Bill.

## TELLER SAYS IT CUTS NO FIGURE

As Abrogation of Treaty by One Party is All Right—Change in Inauguration.

Washington, April 15.—The Chinese exclusion bill occupied the attention of the senate throughout yesterday. Foraker and McLaurin of South Carolina making extended speeches in opposition. Foraker contended that the pending measure was violative of our treaty with China and was calculated to prevent our commercial expansion in the far east. While strongly supporting the policy of the government to exclude Chinese laborers the Ohio senator maintained that this could best be accepted by an extension of the present law, holding that the drastic provisions of the pending bill would cut off our entire trade with China and thus wreck the cotton industry of the south. Teller briefly responded to Foraker, urging that the right to abrogate treaties was fully recognized.

## McLaurin Speaks Very Plain.

McLaurin's remarks were plain and vigorous. He said it was inconceivable that any honorable nation, least of all the United States, should surrender its integrity by deliberately adopting policies and enacting laws in violation of its sworn compact and treaty with another power, and that, too, during a period of profound peace, without any provoking cause from the other nation. The pending senate bill, he declared, was calculated by its restrictive action and impenal spirit to kill trade with China. This was a consideration of vital importance to South Carolina, with its vast cotton production and the growing shipment of cotton goods to China.

## Recalls the Fate of Burlingame's Treaty.

Responding to Foraker's contention that the pending bill was violative of our treaty with China, Teller pointed out that the right to abrogate a treaty was completely recognized. He read from the record showing that many senators now in the chamber, and others—including Blaine and Thurman—had voted for the abrogation of the Burlingame treaty with China.

## Change of Inauguration Day.

Washington, April 15.—A subcommittee of the house judiciary committee, consisting of Littlefield, Thomas of Iowa and Clayton of Alabama, has decided to report back to the full committee without recommendation the proposition to change the date of inauguration of the president from the 4th of March to the last Thursday in April. This decision was reached after hearing fully the arguments of those who have been urging the change. Differences of opinion among the members of the subcommittee developed during the discussion of the proposition, and the decision to report it back to the full committee without recommendation will leave it in the same position it occupied before reference to the subcommittee was made.

## Sharpe Was a Kansas Man.

Ottawa, Kan., April 15.—A. T. Sharpe, the traveling salesman who was stabbed and killed at Memphis, was the son of the late Amasa T. Sharpe, for many years editor of the Ottawa Daily Republican. Mrs. H. R. Sharpe, the dead man's mother, lives here, and the body will be brought to Ottawa for burial.

## One Boycott That Failed.

Cincinnati, O., April 15.—Piano and Organ Workers' union No. 7, which over a year ago boycotted the Krell Piano company, of this city, has voluntarily raised the boycott.

## Charged With Selling Oreo as Butter.

Port Huron, Mich., April 15.—A complaint has been made against T. S. Lynn, a grocer of Algonac, charging him with selling oleomargarine for dairy butter.

## Strike of Engineers Is Defeated.

Butte, Mont., April 15.—All of the mines of the Anaconda, Parrott and Washoe companies, which were closed by the striking engineers' strike, resumed operations. The striking engineers lost their jobs.

## A New Blood Test.

Dr. A. S. P. Grunbaum, assistant lecturer in physiology at University college, Liverpool, has just published some important data regarding a new biological test for human blood. This test was based on the researches of Friedenthal, Deutsch and Uhlenbuth. It depends on the fact that the blood serum of a rabbit which (rabbit) has been injected several times with the blood of man will give a precipitate when treated with the blood of any other animal.

## His Seat.

Mrs. Gaussip—I saw Mr. Stockton Bonds at the upholsterer's yesterday. I guess he's going to get married and furnish a home.

Mrs. Malaprop—No! I'll tell you what took him there. I hear he bought a seat at the Stock Exchange last week. It was a secondhand one, and I guess he wants it fixed up—Philadelphia Press.

## How They Grow.

First Year.—The biggest trout I ever caught was a foot and a half long, and he had a big fishhook in his stomach.

Tenth Year.—Did I ever tell you about the trout I once caught? It was over a yard long and had an anchor in his stomach.—New York Weekly.

## JOHN BULL BUDGET

Hicks-Beach's Proposals Contain Other Things Than a Collection of Figures.

## THEREIN ARE PEACE INDICATIONS

Suggestion Relative to the Restocking of Farms—Boer Idea of What Is Fair.

London, April 15.—Not for many years has Great Britain's fiscal programme been awaited with such interest as that which attached to this year's announcement, and there is no doubt that all the proposals contained in the budget given out yesterday by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, will be adopted. It is equally certain, however, that none of the proposals will meet with the unanimous approval of either side of the house. The chancellor stated in the course of his announcement that a certain sum would be used to restock the Boer farms, which was one of the offers made by the government to the Boers when Botha had his interview with Kitchener a year or so ago.

## Big Sum May Not Be Needed.

The Associated Press has learned upon excellent authority that the principal provision of the budget, namely the treasury loan of £22,000,000, upon which Sir Michael Hicks-Beach was remarkably reticent, has a serious bearing upon the peace question. There appears to be a very strong belief in the cabinet that owing to the expected early termination of the war the £22,000,000 will never be needed. When that section of the budget gets to the committee stage the peace negotiations probably will have reached such shape that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will be able to announce a diminution of the estimate. In any case this loan probably will be called up in small installments only.

## Taken as a Peace Indication.

The fact of the loan is taken as a peace indication to indicate that the government has strong hopes of a speedy issue of the negotiations now progressing at Pretoria between the Boer leaders, although it wishes to impress the world in general and the Boers in particular with its ability and determination to push the war to a finish should the British terms of peace be refused. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is seldom dramatic, but when he is he has been learned from his confession that while he professed to be friendly to the United States he was in reality a captain of the insurgent forces and that his police were all soldiers. As a result of this exposure he was arrested and the town burned. He said that the victim struggled fiercely while the cure was being administered, but that next day when he saw the man he observed no ill effects from the "dose" he had received. Riley also said he had known of many cruelties and indignities practiced upon United States soldiers by natives.

## Where the Money Will Come From.

The articles to be taxed from which the greatest revenue is expected are sugar, export duty on coal (which is undecided by last year's returns), wine, tobacco and death duties. The income tax which he practically declared the government's great scheme. After touching on various details the chancellor turned to the prospects of the future. He estimated the expenditure for the coming year at £174,000,000. The revenue on the present basis of taxation was £147,785,000, leaving a deficit of £26,215,000. This would be increased by £18,500,000 by gratuities to the troops and bringing the soldiers home, the maintenance of the South African constabulary, and the cost of the international sugar convention, etc., making a gross deficit of upwards of £45,000,000.

## PAUL KRUGER'S TERMS OF PEACE

Proposals Said To Be Under Discussion Now at Pretoria.

The Hague, April 15.—From those close in touch with the Boer leaders here it appears that the latest secret dispatches from South Africa outline the peace proposals now under discussion at Pretoria. The Boers accept a British lord commissioner, with a Boer executive, both to be resident at Pretoria. The country to be divided into districts, with British district officers and a Boer committee, chosen by polling the burghers. The veto right to be reserved to the British government. The majority of the British officers must be conversant with the Dutch language.

Johannesburg to be retroceded to the Boers, with complete British civil organization. A war indemnity of at least £10,000,000, to be distributed by mixed committees. Disarmament of prisoner sent back to South Africa. No war tax to be levied. Both languages to be recognized in the schools and courts and in official documents. The expense of the garrisons in South Africa to be borne by Great Britain. The present Boer leaders to be retained in office so far as possible.

## FRANCE TO TAKE PART

President Loubet Signs Decree for Participation in St. Louis Exposition.

Paris, April 15.—The decree was signed by President Loubet today providing for the participation of France at the St. Louis exposition, and appointing M. Michel Lagrange commissioner general of the French section.

## NEW LOAN ORDERED

BY GREAT BRITAIN. London, April 15.—A new loan of £22,000,000 is to be raised by an issue of 2½ per cent consols.

## "WATERCURE" THAT BRITISH POST

More Evidence of Torture of Filipinos.

## BY AMERICAN SOLDIERS

The Testimony of an Eye Witness.

Washington, April 15.—It has been more than once affirmed, and as often denied, that United States troops in the Philippines have tortured Filipinos who refused to give them information the Philippines were believed to possess. Now comes Charles S. Riley, ex-sergeant in company M, Twenty-sixth volunteers, with a story that he swears to, and tells the senate committee on the Philippines, that says we do. Witness told details of two administrations of the "water cure" both on the same man, for the purpose of forcing him to tell whether the insurgents had been armed and placed on his back under a spout from which water runs slowly and drips; his mouth is forced open and kept so, and he has to swallow all the water that drops into his mouth. This he kept up until he has had enough to make him talk. There were present in the case in point Captain Glenn and Lieutenant Conger, U. S. A., and Dr. Lyons, contract surgeon, while many soldiers were standing around. The framework of the "cure" was tried was the president of the town.

## First Purpose of "Water Cure."

On cross-examination Riley said the "cure" had been first resorted to in order to compel the president to reveal his attitude, and that it had been learned from his confession that while he professed to be friendly to the United States he was in reality a captain of the insurgent forces and that his police were all soldiers. As a result of this exposure he was arrested and the town burned. He said that the victim struggled fiercely while the cure was being administered, but that next day when he saw the man he observed no ill effects from the "dose" he had received. Riley also said he had known of many cruelties and indignities practiced upon United States soldiers by natives.

## Another Witness.

William L. Smith, of Athol, Mass., who was a private in company M, Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, corroborated Riley's testimony, saying he had also witnessed the torture of two policemen of the town of Letran, South Sea Islands, of a squad of the Eighteenth regular infantry, known as "the water-cure detail."

## Increase of Pensions Favored.

Washington, April 15.—The senate committee on pensions has ordered a favorable report on the bill granting increases of pensions to soldiers who have lost arms, legs or feet. The increase will be \$15 per month each. The committee also ordered a favorable report on a bill increasing from \$20 to \$40 per month the pensions of those who are totally deaf.

## IOWA PASTOR SUICIDES.

MEETINGS POORLY ATTENDED.

Lacona, Ia., April 15.—Rev. Samuel Kress, pastor of the Methodist church here, who served two years in the Philippines as a private soldier in the 51st Iowa volunteers, committed suicide here. He was disconsolate over inability to secure a larger attendance at his church meetings.

## Whole Family Buried Together.

Cripple Creek, Colo., April 15.—D. E. Murphy, 68 years of age, his wife, Bertha, with complete British civil organization. A war indemnity of at least £10,000,000, to be distributed by mixed committees. Disarmament of prisoner sent back to South Africa. No war tax to be levied. Both languages to be recognized in the schools and courts and in official documents. The expense of the garrisons in South Africa to be borne by Great Britain. The present Boer leaders to be retained in office so far as possible.

## May Develop a Sensation.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—An investigation has been opened by the court at Saghalien, an island off the east coast of Asia belonging to Russia, into numerous charges of thefts and embezzlements brought against government officials. Although only minor officers have thus far been accused, the affair promises to develop into a sensation.

## Faction Holds a Convention.

Metropolis, Ills., April 15.—A mass convention was held here by a faction of the Republican party in Massac county not satisfied with the results of the recent Republican primary. A "Peoples' ticket" was nominated, which will probably receive the support of the Democrats. The Republican faction which took this action claims fraud was used in the regular primary.

## Five Girls at Once—All Well.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 15.—Isabel Rhodes, of Valley's Gap, Ulster county, announced in this city yesterday that his daughter, Mrs. James McGowan, aged 28, of Tucker's Corners, a hamlet in Ulster county, Sunday gave birth to five children, all girls, and that all are doing well.

## CONDUCTED IN AMERICA FOR SOUTH AFRICAN WAR HORSES.

EVIDENCE OF CONCLUSIVE NATURE.

## WHICH IS TO BE FORWARDED TO OFFICIAL SOURCES IN WASHINGTON.

Kansas City, Mo., April 15.—A special to The Star from Jefferson City, Mo., says: O. P. Gentry, Governor Dockery's private secretary, has returned from Lathrop, Mo., where he was sent under instructions to make an investigation of the charges that a British post is being maintained there to supply horses and mules for the British army in South Africa. Governor Dockery forwarded the secretary's report to Senator M. Cockrell at Washington, with the request that the senator lay the matter before congress. In his report Gentry says that the firm of Guyton & Harrington owns the sheds and land at the post.

## Big Shipments the Past Year.

Gentry continues to state that this firm shipped 72,000 head of horses and mules during the last year, most of them destined for South Africa. From appearances it looks very much like the business is largely conducted under British auspices. It is claimed, however, that all the compensation received by the firm is 35 cents a day for the care of each horse and mule fed for the British government. It is not my province to offer any suggestions as to whether international law has been violated. That question is obviously one to be determined by the United States government.

Gentry says that twenty-one Sepoys who arrived at Lathrop recently will return to India soon with from 500 to 1,000 mules for the use of the British army in that country.

## WANTS HER BABY BACK

Young Mother Rues Her Bargain to Give Up Her Offspring.

Muncie, Ind., April 15.—Mrs. Emma Spurr Brown Lummis, a young woman who belongs to one of the city prominent families, has permitted the local circuit court to allow her to adopt her own child, which was born a few weeks ago and which, a short time after its birth, was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Nicely. Mrs. Lummis parted with the child because of her inability at the time to care for it, and because of her objection to the child's father, from whom she was separated. The child was born in a hospital here, and the hospital physician advertised to obtain foster parents for it, at the same time refusing to make public the child's parentage. The Nicelys then legally adopted it. The child's mother is now anxious to get her child, and her foster parents will not stand in her way.

## Fatal Collision in the Street.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 15.—A rapidly moving street car jumped the track in a densely crowded business street and struck a phaeton containing Charles Fennaght, of 537 East South street, wife and son (aged 9). All were seriously injured. Fennaght and his son have fractured skulls and will probably die, physicians say. Two other women were injured by the wounded horse, which had to be killed.

## Some More Wages of Sin.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 15.—Joseph Mahalef, a well known young man of this city, is dying at St. Anthony's hospital as the result of a bullet wound which he received at the hands of Dora Bartlett. She is under arrest. Owing to Mahalef's previous good reputation, the shooting has caused a sensation. There is no hope for his recovery.

## In the Italian Way.

Racine, Wis., April 15.—Because he had been discharged for negligence to duties, Frank Roska, an Italian, drew a stiletto and fatally stabbed Edward Francis, a foreman of the Belle City Machine Iron works. Francis was stabbed in the back, the assailant approaching him from behind. Roska fled and has not yet been captured.

## Missing Man Has Got Back.

Lansing, Mich., April 15.—A. H. Libbie, who has been extensively advertised as a missing man, is again living with his family on their farm south of the city. He left his home last July, and nothing was heard of him until he sent \$100 home, shortly before arriving there. He had been in Washington and other western states.

## Wisconsin Miners Strike.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 15.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Florence, Wis., says the miners employed in the Florence mine of the Florence and Iron River Mining company have struck in a body. The fires were drawn and the mine is rapidly filling with water. The trouble was caused over the discharge of the mine physician.

## Texas Can Care for Her Own.

Houston, Tex., April 15.—Governor Sayre requests the Associated Press to say that there is no necessity for contributions from outside the state for the drought sufferers in Zapata county; that the people of Texas are entirely able and willing to relieve them.

## Boxes of Dynamite "Let Go."

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 15.—A box and a half of dynamite "let go" in the storehouse in the west end of this city. It was the property of the sub-contractors on the water power canal. The building was destroyed and the city shaken.

## AIR SHIP CONTEST

Santos-Dumont to Have No Walk-over at the St. Louis Exposition Race.

## HE HAS AN OHIO MAN TO FACE

There Are Also Others Who Think They Have the Real Air Traverser.

St. Louis, Mo., April 15.—Santos-Dumont, the "wizard of the air," who is now en route to St. Louis to confer with world's fair officials as the subject of the airship races to take place during the progress of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, may find warmer competition among United States aeronauts than he anticipates at this time. Many United States inventors, with plenty of money to back them, are biding time to dispute the Brazilian's title to being the "all of it" when it comes to navigation in the clouds.

## Of Course It's an Ohio Man.

Probably the most formidable contestant Santos-Dumont will have will be Alanson Wood, of Toledo, O., inventor, who, with his partner, made a fortune in twelve months from one invention—the roller coaster. Wood is now completing the detail work on an airship with which he will compete for the prize at the St. Louis World's fair. Wood has been steadily at work for months and his plans have reached a stage where there is, according to his own statement, no further doubt as to his final success. The trial tests, which he speaks with confidence, will be made in Toledo.

## New Yorker Has a Design.

Leo Stevens is the name of another airship builder who has a flying machine within sixty days of completion. He has his workshop on the second floor of 291 Eighth avenue, New York city, and says he will contest for the big prize at St. Louis. He expects to make his first trip through the air over the tops of New York's skyscrapers. The framework of this machine is made of steel pipe. The entire weight of the framework will be only 108 pounds, although it is about eighty-five feet long and fifteen feet high. There will be two gas "envelopes," or balloons, instead of one, a smaller one being built within the larger one.

## He Balloons with Water.

Stevens has added a water ballast attachment, constructed on a sliding track, so that he can move it back and forth at will and keep the equilibrium of the machine perfect. But what he considers his greatest improvement over Dumont's machine is the addition of two automatic wings attached to the balloon, which will fold up when the balloon shoots upward and open as it descends, acting as a parachute in principle, and thereby preventing him from coming down to the earth too rapidly.

## INDIANA HOPE TO BE REPRESENTED.

South Bend Man Hopes to Carry Off the St. Louis Prize.

Alvin W. Van Dorston, of South Bend, Ind., a skilled mechanic and patternmaker, has a patent pending for a flying machine with which he hopes to carry off the World's fair prize. Dorston's flying ship is to be operated by gasoline. The body of the vessel is 100 feet long by 37 feet broad in the widest place. The total weight of the machine will be 1,600 pounds. The lifting surface is 2,500 feet. Included in this lifting surface are ninety-six lifting wheels, forty-eight on each side.

Inventor Gustave Whitehead, of Bridgeport, Conn., is also working on a dirigible airship, with the intention of meeting Santos-Dumont in the balloon race at the World's fair. Whitehead recently conducted a series of trial tests with his machine at Charles Island, Milford. He is elated over the success of the trials. He asserts that he made a complete circuit in the air, covering an area of about a quarter of a mile, returning to within fifty feet of the starting point when the machine descended, and dropping lightly to the shore.

## Doctor Says He Was Poisoned.

Springfield, Ills., April 15.—A. M. Foster, a prominent and wealthy farmer of Illinois, this county, 70 years old, was found by the police lying on the street in the business part of the city, two blocks east of the city hall, in an unconscious condition. He was taken to St. John's hospital, where he died. The attending physician is of the opinion that Foster had been poisoned.

## Strenuous Youth of Lincoln, Neb.

Lincoln, Neb., April 15.—Lawrence Stultz, aged 14, is dead, and Louis Fairchild, of the same age, has been taken to the city jail on a charge of murder. The boys quarreled at a ball game and Stultz was struck and fatally hurt. Young Fairchild admitted striking Stultz, but said it was in self-defense.

## Didn't Want to Die After All.

Vest Superior, Wis., April 15.—Neils Johnson, of St. Paul, attempted to commit suicide by drowning himself in Tower Bay ship. He shows signs of insanity and a bottle of carbolic acid was found in his pocket. After throwing himself into the ship he struggled to save himself and was rescued.

## Honorary Pall-Bearers Selected.

Washington, April 15.—The following have been selected as honorary pallbearers at the funeral of Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage: Associate Justices Harlan and Brewer, of the supreme court; Senators Cullom, Burrows and Dooliver; John W. Foster; Representative William Alden Smith, Michigan.

## Not Much of a Battle.

Muskogee, I. T., April 15.—It transpires that but two persons were wounded in the fight at Brazos, in the Cherokee nation, where it was reported that four men had been killed and several injured. A dozen men quarreled over a quantity of whisky. It is believed the wounded men will recover.

## SHOT DOWN

Russian Minister of the Interior Sipiaguine Assassinated.

## DIES IN AN HOUR

Murderer Attacked Him in Official Building.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Minister of Interior Sipiaguine was shot and fatally wounded at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the lobby of the ministerial offices by a man who held a pistol close to the minister's person.

## Dies an Hour Later.

The wounded man died at 2 o'clock.

## AFTER FIVE YEARS

Peoria Man Charged With Beating a Sheriff Caught.

Chicago, April 15.—Gustave Miller, wanted in Peoria for the alleged murder of a deputy sheriff in 1897, has been arrested here. Miller was taken into custody for creating a disturbance while under the influence of liquor and he was not aware of the fact that he was being held on a charge of murder.

In 1897 Miller worked for a florist here. Peoria told in a fight with a fellow gardener severely injured the latter with a hammer. A sheriff went from Peoria to arrest Miller, and also seized the hammer as evidence. On the way to the jail, it is alleged, Miller attacked the sheriff and beat him to death with the hammer. Miller